DSI 2598 遠端遙控開關

透過 MQTT 方式達到遙控開關 (例如 LED 的明暗)

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DSI2598 遠端遙控開關



DSI 2598

採用MT 2625 全台首款Arduino NB-IoT開發板

DSI2598使用聯發科技NB-IoT晶片-MT2625模組,搭配Arduino原廠 MCU-ATMEGA328P,有著PWM、I2C、SPI、ADC、UART等腳位功 能,簡單但完整,可讓使用者無縫接軌任何Arduino程式庫,進行各項 功能程式開發,是國內第一款NB-IoT開發板。





圖片來源:資策會

外型與尺寸說明

2.3cm



支持NB-IoTR14的系統單晶片,以超高整合度為大量物聯網設備提供兼具低功耗及成本效益的解決方案,廣泛適用於家庭、城市、工業或行動應用。

高度整合NB-IoT調制解調數字信號處理器、射頻天線及前端模擬基帶,同時結合 ARM Cortex-M 微控制器(MCU)、偽靜態隨機存儲器(PSRAM)、閃存與電源 管理單元(PMU)。

整合一系列豐富的外圍輸入輸出介面,包括安全數字輸入輸出模塊(SDIO)、通用異步收發傳輸器(UART)、I2C傳輸協議、I2S、序列外圍接口(SPI)及脈衝寬度調制(PWM)。

具備強大功能於小巧的封裝尺寸和少量的管腳數目,滿足物聯網設備對成本及體積 的需求,並有助於廠商簡化其產品設計流程。

DSI 2598 基於實時操作系統(RTOS),易於針對各種不同的應用進行客製化,比 如家庭自動化、雲信標(cloud beacon)、智慧型電錶及多項物聯網靜態或行動應 用。

DSI 2598 的寬頻前端模組支持3GPP R14 規範,涵蓋超低頻/低頻/中頻/四頻的全頻 段運作,可滿足全球市場需求,進而降低成本和開發時間。



圖片來源:資策會



DSI2598內部示意圖

NB-IoT:窄帶物聯網(Narrow Band Internet of Things, NB-IoT)

1. 構建於蜂窩網絡,只消耗大約180KHz的帶寬,可直接部署於GSM網絡、UMTS網絡或LTE網絡。

2. 是IoT領域一個新興的技術,支持低功耗設備在廣域網的蜂窩數據連接,也被叫作低功耗廣域網(LPWAN)。

3. 待機時間長、設備電池壽命提高至少5年以上。

4. 可透過各大電信業者提供的 NB-IoT / SIM 卡,利用電信基地台連到網際網路。

5. 其特性可增加覆蓋範圍提升 20dB, 使原本透過 4G LTE網路收不到的地方(如地下室、地下管道等)也能收到訊號。

NB-IoT 與 WiFi 之差異:

- 1. WiFi 透過無線基地台連上網際網路, NB-IoT 利用電信基地台連上網際網路。
- 2. WiFi 適用傳輸大量資料的訊息, NB-IoT 適用小資料量傳輸。
- 3. WiFi 連接無線基地台的距離較短,NB-IoT 由於全台基地台涵蓋率夠高,幾乎無死角。
- 4. WiFi 晶片耗用功率較高, NB-IoT 採用低功率晶片, 使用一般 AA 電池可達 3-5 年以上。
- 5. WiFi 連網較易取得真實IP 位址, 而NB-IoT使用的電信基地台提供的IP 位址大都為虛擬 IP 網段。

APN 設定

程式碼下載: t.ly/DKkB2



STEP1:打開DSI2598_ATcommand.ino,並至Arduino的工具->序列埠中找到USB 模組的COM PORT编號,可至控制台確認。

STEP 2: 選擇 工具 -> 開發板-> Arduino Nano, 然後按下 上傳 (Ctrl+U), 將

💵 電腦管理 程式燒錄進去。 檔案(F) 動作(A) 檢視(V) 說明(H) 2 🖬 🛛 🖬 🖳 💿 DSI2598 ATcommand | Arduino 1.8.10 🜆 電腦管理 (本機) ▶ 👔 系統工具 📷 IDE ATA/ATAPI 控制器 當案 編輯 草稿碼 工具 說明 🕒 工作排程器 > 🔜 人性化介面裝置 自動格式化 Ctrl+T 📳 事件檢視器 > 🚔 列印佇列 > 🙀 共用資料夾 > 🕍 存放控制器 封存草稿碼 > 🜆 本機使用者和群組 ■ 安全性裝置 DSI2598 ATco 修正編碼並重新載入 > 🔊 效能 > 🖿 系統裝置 管理程式庫... 📕 裝置管理員 🕼 其他裝置 Ctrl+Shift+I 1 #inclu ✓ № 存放裝置 相機 序列埠監控視窗 Ctrl+Shift+M 📻 磁碟管理 音效、視訊及遊戲控制器 2 Softwa 序列繪圖家 Ctrl+Shift+L > 🔜 服務與應用程式 音訊輸入與輸出 3 □ 處理器 ESP32 Sketch Data Upload 軟體裝置 4 String 通用序列匯流排控制器 WiFi101 / WiFiNINA Firmware Updater i 連接埠 (COM 和 LPT) 5 USB-SERIAL CH340 (COM3) 開發板: "Arduino Nano" 副開 6 void s 處理器: "ATmega328P (Old Bootloader)" 📗 滑鼠及其他指標裝置 7 // p 🍃 電池 序列埠: "COM3" Oľ ■ 電腦 取得開發板資訊 8 Seri ■ 監視器 _ 磁碟機 9 mySe 燒錄器: "AVRISP mkll" 🗇 網路介面卡 > 🔤 鍵盤 10 燒錄Bootloader > 👔 藍牙 11 > 🔜 顯示卡 12 void loop()

STEP 3: 打開 序列埠監控視窗,在上方輸入欄中輸入ATI 指令,可先輸入「ATI」, 資料來源: 資策會 查看模組是否有回覆版本訊息。

STEP 4: 啟用APN: AT+QGACT=1,1,"apn","internet.iot"

© COM7 — □	Х]	© COM7 −	X
	傳送			傳送
ATI			ATI	
Quectel_Ltd			Quectel_Ltd	
Quectel_BC26			Quectel_BC26	
Revision: BC26NBR01A07			Revision: BC26NBR01A07	
OK			OK	
			AT+QGACT=1,1,"apn","internet.iot"	
			+QGACT: 2	
			OK	
			+QGACT: 2,1,0	

STEP 5:註冊APN:AT+QCGDEFCONT="IP","internet.iot"

STEP 6: 頻寬設定: AT+QBAND=1,8

STEP 7: 重新啟動模組: AT+QRST=1

© COM7 − □ X	© COM7 − □ X] ,	1	X		
傳送	傳送			傳送		
ATI	Quectel_BC26	^	ОК	^		
Quectel_Ltd	Revision: BC26NBR01A07	Revision: BC26NBR01A07		AT+QBAND=1,8		
Quectel_BC26						
Revision: BC26NBR01A07	ОК		OK			
	AT+QGACT=1,1,"apn","internet.iot"		AT+QRST?			
OK	+QGACT: 2		RbRQBBR ?tY?			
AT+QGACT=1,1,"apn","internet.iot"			RbRQBBR ?tY?			
+QGACT: 2	OK					
			RDY			
OK	+QGACT: 2,1,0					
	AT+QCGDEFCONT="IP","internet.iot		+CFUN: 1			
+QGACT: 2,1,0	OK					
AT+QCGDEFCONT="IP","internet.iot	AT+QBAND=1,8		+CPIN: READY			
OK						
	OK		+IP: 10.85.230.245			
		~		~		

資料來源:資策會

MQTT 說明:(請參考網路上他人分享的資訊) https://swf.com.tw/?p=1002 https://oranwind.org/-broker-ren-shi-mqtt/

簡易說明:利用 MQTT Broker 設定 (publisher)發佈 / (subscriber) 訂閱 方式 來傳遞訊息

MQTT Server 架設:

.....

可由官方網站下載http://mosquitto.org/download/,下載32位元的安裝程式自行架設

Server mqtt.eclipse.org broker.hivemq.com test.mosquitto.org test.mosca.io broker.mgttdashboard.com

Broker	Port
Mosquitto	1883 / 8883
liveMQ	1883
/losquitto	1883 / 8883 / 8884
nosca	1883
liveMQ	1883

Websocket n/a 8000 8080 / 8081 80

3.2.2. AT+QMTOPEN Open a Network for MQTT Client

The command is used to open a network for MQTT client.

AT+QMTOPEN Open a Network for MQTT Client				
Test Command AT+QMTOPEN=?	Response +QMTOPEN: (list of supported <tcpconnectid>s),"<host_ name>",(list of supported <port>s) OK</port></host_ </tcpconnectid>			
Read Command	Response			
AT+QMTOPEN?	[+QMTOPEN: <tcpconnectid>,"<host_name>",<port>]</port></host_name></tcpconnectid>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+QMTOPEN= <tcpconnectid>,"<ho st_name>",<port></port></ho </tcpconnectid>	OK			
	+QMTOPEN: <tcpconnectid>,<result></result></tcpconnectid>			
	If there is an error related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>			
Maximum Response Time	75s, determined by network			

3.2.4. AT+QMTCONN Connect a Client to MQTT Server

The command is used when a client requests a connection to MQTT server. When a TCP/IP socket connection is established from a client to a server, a protocol level session must be created using a CONNECT flow.

AT+QMTCONN Connect a Client	to MQTT Server
Test Command AT+QMTCONN=?	Response +QMTCONN: (list of supported <tcpconnectid>s),"<clien tID>"[,"<username>"[,"<password>"]] OK</password></username></clien </tcpconnectid>
Read Command AT+QMTCONN?	Response [+QMTCONN: <tcpconnectid>,<state>] OK</state></tcpconnectid>
Write Command AT+QMTCONN= <tcpconnectid>,"<cli entID>"[,"<username>"[,"<password >"]]</password </username></cli </tcpconnectid>	Response OK +QMTCONN: <tcpconnectid>,<result>[,<ret_code>] If there is an error related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></ret_code></result></tcpconnectid>
Maximum Response Time	<pkt_timeout> (default 10s), determined by network</pkt_timeout>

3.2.6. AT+QMTSUB Subscribe to Topics

The command is used to subscribe to one or more topics. A SUBSCRIBE message is sent by a client to register an interest in one or more topic names with the server. Messages published to these topics are delivered from the server to the client as PUBLISH messages.

AT+QMTSUB Subscribe to Top	ics
Test Command AT+QMTSUB=?	Response +QMTSUB: (list of supported <tcpconnectid>s),(list of supported <msgid>s),"<topic>",(list of supported <qos>s) OK</qos></topic></msgid></tcpconnectid>
Write Command AT+QMTSUB= <tcpconnectid>,<ms gID>,"<topic1>",<qos1>[,"<topic2> ",<qos2>]</qos2></topic2></qos1></topic1></ms </tcpconnectid>	Response OK +QMTSUB: <tcpconnectid>,<msgid>,<result>[,<value>] If there is an error related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></value></result></msgid></tcpconnectid>
Maximum Response Time	<pre><pkt_timeout> * <retry_times> (default 40s), determined by network</retry_times></pkt_timeout></pre>

3.2.8. AT+QMTPUB Publish Messages

The command is used to publish messages by a client to a server for distribution to interested subscribers. Each PUBLISH message is associated with a topic name. If a client subscribes to one or more topics, any message published to those topics are sent by the server to the client as a PUBLISH message.

AT+QMTPUB Publish Me	ssages
Test Command AT+QMTPUB=?	Response +QMTPUB: (list of supported <tcpconnectid>s),(list of supported <msgid>s),(list of supported <qos>s),(list of supported <retain>s),"<topic>","<msg>" OK</msg></topic></retain></qos></msgid></tcpconnectid>
Write Command AT+QMTPUB= <tcpconnectid> D>,<qos>,<retain>,"<topic>","</topic></retain></qos></tcpconnectid>	<pre>Response ok ok</pre>
33	+QMTPUB: <tcpconnectid>,<msgid>,<resuit>[,<value>]</value></resuit></msgid></tcpconnectid>
	If there is an error related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Maximum Response Time	<pre><pkt_timeout> * <retry_times> (default 40s), determined by network</retry_times></pkt_timeout></pre>

3.2.3. AT+QMTCLOSE Close a Network for MQTT Client

The command is used to close a network for MQTT client.

AT+QMTCLOSE Close a Network	c for MQTT Client
Test Command	Response
ATTQMTCL03E-?	+QMTCLOSE: (list of supported <tcpconnectid>s)</tcpconnectid>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+QMTCLOSE= <tcpconnectid></tcpconnectid>	OK
	+QMTCLOSE: <tcpconnectid>,<result></result></tcpconnectid>
	If there is an error related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Maximum Response Time	300ms







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Connections

You do not have any connection to communicate with MQTT broker. If you are using this application for the first time we highly recomend to go through User Guide at <u>Info</u> <u>Section</u>.

SETUP A CONNECTION						
\$	6	Ð				
\triangleleft	0					

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← Add Conne	ction
Connection name* 遠端遙控開關	0
Client ID	(?)
Broker Web/IP address [*] mqtt.eclipse.org	*
Port nu 1883 Netwo	ork prot 🔻 📀
Device list	+
Advanced option	s >
CA	NCEL CREATE

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← /	٩d	d Co	onne	ctior	ו		
Conne 遠端	ectio 遙打	n nam 空開隊	e *				?
Client	ID						
34 /	٨do	d De	vice			⊗	?
Bro m	Dev	ice n	ame *				?
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 Add Connection
Connection name* 遠端遙控開關 ⑦
Client ID
Broker Web/IP address * mqtt.eclipse.org
Port nu 1883 Network prot • (?)
Device list +
Led 開關控制 :
Advanced options >
CANCEL CREATE

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← Edit Conn	ection	
Device list		+
Led 開關控制		:
Advanced optic	ons	\sim
Connection ti 30	Keep alive 60	(?)
Username user1	Password	(?)
Add will message		+
Notify on dis	connect	?
Connect auto	omatically	
\triangleleft		CAVE



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Sele	ect panel type to add \otimes	
	Button	
-•	Switch	
•••	Slider	
=,∕	Combo Box	
۲	Radio Buttons	
A	LED Indicator	
	Multi-State Indicator	
	Linear Progress	
IJ	Circular Progress	
Ī	Vertical Meter	
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← Add a Switch	n panel
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^D ayload on * 1	
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Use icon switch	
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Payload is JSON	Data

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ì panel		
Panel name *		
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on		
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011		
	LED color	
📮 LED on	#000030	
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📮 LED off	#9E9E9E	
icon		
Enable notifi	cation 📀	
Pavload is	SON Data	
\triangleleft	\bigcirc \Box	



App Store Preview

This app is available only on the App Store for iPhone and iPad.

MQTTool 4+

***** 4.5, 21 Ratings

Brent Petit

Free



iPhone IOS 可使用的免費軟體





函式檔: BC26Init.h

主程式: MQTTPushSub.ino

BC26Inint.h

	BC26Init.h × MQTT-PushSub.ino ×
1	<pre>#include <softwareserial.h></softwareserial.h></pre>
2	
3	SoftwareSerial mySerial(8, 9); // ATMega328P 跟 BC26 固定使用的溝通腳位
4	
5	<i>void</i> (* resetFunc) (<i>void</i>) = 0; // 宣告系統重置參數
6	int waitingTime = 10000; // 等候 10 秒的回覆.
7	

```
BC26Init.h
                    MQTT-PushSub.ino
                ×
    String Check_RevData(int z) // 讀取收到的每一字元資料 , 彙整成一個字串
 8
 9
     String data= "";
10
11
     char c;
     Long int StartTime=millis();
12
     while (!mySerial.available())
13
14
15
           Serial.print(".");
16
           delay(100);
           if ((StartTime+waitingTime) < millis() && z==0)</pre>
17
18
19
             Serial.println("No response.");
             resetFunc();
20
21
             break;
22
23
24
       Serial.println();
25
       while (mySerial.available())
26
27
         delay(100);
         c = mySerial.read(); //Conduct a serial read
28
         if (c=='\n' || c=='\r') continue;
29
         data+=c; //Shorthand for data = data + c
30
31
32
       return data;
33
```

由於資料接收是屬於 串列方式,因此透過 該函式Check_RevData 將資料做整理

```
BC26Init.h
               ×
34
    bool Send_ATcommand(String msg,byte stepnum) // 傳送 AT command , 並加以判斷
35
                                                                                     Send ATcommand
36
37
     String Showmsg="";
     mySerial.println(msg);
38
     Showmsg=Check RevData(0);
39
40
     Serial.println(Showmsg);
41
      switch (stepnum)
                                                                                          (第一部分)
42
      {
43
        case 0:
                 // Reset BC26
44
        case 1:
                        // Close show message
45
             break:
46
        case 2:
                        // Check IPAddress
47
             if (!Showmsg.startsWith("+CGPADDR:")) return false;
48
             break:
49
                         // Other Data
        case 4:
50
             if (!Showmsg.startsWith("OK")) return false;
51
             break;
52
53
        case 10: // build MQTT Server
54
             if (Showmsg.startsWith("OK+QMTOPEN: 0,0")) return true;
55
             if (Showmsg.startsWith("OK"))
56
57
              Showmsg=Check RevData(0);
58
              if (!Showmsg.startsWith("+QMTOPEN: 0,0")) return false;
59
60
             break;
```

Send_ATcommand (第二部分)

► /	BC26Init.h	× MQTT-PushSub.ino ×
61	case	11: // Connect to MQTT server by username and password
62		<pre>if (Showmsg.startsWith("OK+QMTCONN: 0,0,0")) return true;</pre>
63		<pre>if (Showmsg.startsWith("OK"))</pre>
64		{
65		Showmsg=Check_RevData(0);
66		<pre>if (!Showmsg.startsWith("+QMTCONN: 0,0,0")) return false;</pre>
67		}
68		break;
69	case	12: // Publisher MQTT Data
70		<pre>if (!Showmsg.startsWith("OK+QMTPUB: 0,0,0")) return false;</pre>
71		break;
72	}	
73	return	true;
74	}	

初始化 DSI2598 BC26Init()及 連線 MQTT Server 的 connetc_MQTT()函式

```
BC26Init.h
               ×
    bool BC26init() // 初始化 BC26
76
77 🔻
78
     Send_ATcommand("AT+QRST=1",0);
79
     Send ATcommand("ATE0",1);
80
     if (!Send_ATcommand("AT+CGPADDR=1",2)) return false;
     if (!Send ATcommand("AT+IPR=9600",4)) return false;
81
     return true;
82
83
84
    bool connect_MQTT(String IP, String port,String user,String pass) // 建立 MQTT 連線通道
85
86 🔻 {
87
     String S temp="";
88
     S_temp="AT+QMTOPEN=0," + IP + "," + port;
     Serial.println(S_temp);
89
90
     if (!Send_ATcommand(S_temp,10)) return false;
91
     //delay (100);
92
     S temp="";
93
     S_temp="AT+QMTCONN=0," + user + "," + pass;
94
     Serial.println(S_temp);
     if (!Send_ATcommand(S_temp,11)) return false;
95
96
     //delay(100);
97
     return true;
98
```

發佈資料 Publish_MQTT () 及 訂閱資料 Sub_MQTT () 函式

•	BC26Init.h × MQTT-PushSub.ino ×	
100	bool Publish_MQTT(String topic, String message) // 發佈資	料
101	{	
102	<pre>String S_temp="";</pre>	
103	<pre>S_temp="AT+QMTPUB=0,0,0,0," + topic + "," + message;</pre>	
104	<pre>if (!Send_ATcommand(S_temp,12)) return false;</pre>	
105	delay(100);	
106	return true;	
107	}	
108		
109	<i>bool</i> Sub_MQTT(String topic) // 訂閱資料	
110	{	
111	<pre>String S_temp="";</pre>	
112	<pre>String Send_check="";</pre>	
113	S_temp="AT+QMTSUB=0,1," + topic + "," + "2"; // Qos 2	
114	<pre>mySerial.println(S_temp);</pre>	
115	delay(100);	
116	return true;	
117	}	

```
主程式: MQTT-PushSub.ino
設定:
燈號腳位(紅色10)(綠色11)
MQTT Server 的 IP 位址, 帳號、密碼及路徑(話題)
```

```
MQTT-PushSub.ino
    BC26Init.h
                              ×
    #include "BC26Init.h"
1
2
   #define Init_led 10 //初始化狀態燈號腳位
3
   #define Send led 11 //被控端的狀態燈號腳位
4
5
   String MQTT_Server="\"mqtt.eclipse.org\""; //MQTT Server 的 IP 位址
6
                                               //MQTT 使用的埠
7
    String MQTT_Port="1883";
                                               //使用者名稱
    String MQTT_user="\"user1\"";
8
                                               //使用者密碼
9
    String MQTT_pass="\"123456\"";
                                                 //Switch 路徑 (話題)
    String MQTTtopic_SW="sw";
10
                                                  //Led 路徑 (話題)
    String MQTTtopic_LED="led";
                                               //訊息
   String MQTTmessage="";
12
```

設定通訊協定及腳位狀況,初始化 BC26 及連線 MQTT Server,並發佈目前開關及 LED燈號狀況

```
14
    void setup()
15
    <u>{</u>
      // put your setup code here, to run once:
16
17
      Serial.begin(9600);
      mySerial.begin(9600);
18
19
20
      pinMode(Init_led, OUTPUT);
21
       pinMode(Send_led, OUTPUT);
22
23
      digitalWrite(Init led, HIGH);
24
      digitalWrite(Send_led, LOW);
25
26
      while(!BC26init()) delay(5000);
      delay(5000);
27
      if (!connect_MQTT(MQTT_Server,MQTT_Port,MQTT_user,MQTT_pass)) resetFunc();
28
      if (!Publish_MQTT(MQTTtopic_SW,"0")) resetFunc();
29
      delay(1000);
30
31
      if (!Publish_MQTT(MQTTtopic_LED,"off")) resetFunc();
      digitalWrite(Init_led, LOW);
32
33
      Serial.println("Start Loop Program ...");
34
```

```
BC26Init.h
                      MQTT-PushSub.ino
                                  ×
    void loop()
36
37 🔻 {
38
     String data= "";
39
     String subdata= "";
40
     char c value="";
41
     char c;
42
     Sub_MQTT(MQTTtopic_SW);
43
     while (!mySerial.available()) delay (1000);
44
     while (mySerial.available())
45
      {
46
     delav(100):
47
      c = mySerial.read(); //Conduct a serial read
48
      if (c=='\n' || c=='\r') continue;
49
       data+=c; //Shorthand for data = data + c
50
      }
51
     if (data!="")
52
53
      int j=0;
54
       for (int i=0;i<data.length();i++)</pre>
55 🔻
56
        if (data[i]=='\"')
57
58
         j=i+1;
59
         while(data[j]!='\"')
60 🔻
          subdata+=data[j];
61
62
          j++;
```

透過訂閱方式讀取目前狀態 判斷是否變更LED 燈號,並 將狀況發佈至 MQTT Server (第一部分)

透過訂閱方式讀取目前狀態判斷是否變更LED 燈號,並將狀況發佈至 MQTT Server (第二部分)

```
63
64
         if (subdata==MQTTtopic_SW)
65
66
          c value=data[j+3];
67
          switch (c value)
68
69
           case '0':
                     Serial.println("led off");
70
71
                     digitalWrite(Send_led, LOW);
                     while (!Publish_MQTT(MQTTtopic_LED, "off")) delay (100);
72
73
                     break;
74
           case '1':
75
                     Serial.println("led on");
76
                     digitalWrite(Send_led, HIGH);
                     while(!Publish_MQTT(MQTTtopic_LED,"on")) delay (100);
77
78
                     break;
79
80
81
82
83
84
```







